

2010/2011

$$(3.) A: \mathcal{P}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_1$$

$$A(p)(t) := t p'(t) + p(t)$$

$$a) (e) = \begin{matrix} \{1, t\} \\ e_1, e_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$A(e_1)(t) = t e_1'(t) + e_1(t) = t \cdot 0 + 1 = 1$$

$$A(e_2)(t) = t e_2'(t) + e_2(t) = t \cdot 1 + t = 2t$$

$$A(e) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$A(e_1) \quad A(e_2)$

$$A(e') = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{I}(e, e') \cdot A(e') &= A(e, e') = \mathbb{I}(e', e) A(e, e) \mathbb{I}(e, e') = \\ &= \mathbb{I}(e', e) \underbrace{A(e)}_{\text{OVO nas zanima}} \mathbb{I}(e, e') \\ &= \mathbb{I}(e, e')^{-1} A(e) \mathbb{I}(e, e') \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{I}(e, e') \cdot A(e') = A(e) \mathbb{I}(e, e') \quad \mathbb{I}(e, e') = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \quad / \cdot 3$$

$$4a+b=3a \Rightarrow a+b=0$$

$$2a+5b=3b \Rightarrow 2a+2b=0$$

$$4c+d=6c \Rightarrow d=2c$$

$$2c+5d=6d \Rightarrow 2c=d$$

$$\Rightarrow b=-a, d=2c \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & -a \\ c & 2c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det I(e, e') = 2ac + ac = 3ac$$

$I(e, e')$ mora biti regularna. Možemo uzeti bilo koje

$a, c \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$. Npr., $a=c=1$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

Provjera:

$$\frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$

$$I(e, e') = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$e_1' \quad e_2'$

$$e_1'(t) = 1+t$$

$$e_2'(t) = -1+2t$$

Napomena: Baza (e') nije jedinstvena.

$$b) \quad B: \mathcal{P}_3 \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_3$$

$$B(p)(t) := t p'(t) + p(t)$$

$$(e) = \{1, t, t^2, t^3\}$$

$$B(e_1)(t) = t \cdot 0 + 1 = 1$$

$$B(e_2)(t) = t + t = 2t$$

$$B(e_3)(t) = 2t^2 + t^2 = 3t^2$$

$$B(e_4)(t) = t \cdot 3t^2 + t^3 = 4t^3$$

$$\Rightarrow B(e) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Pretpostavimo da postoji baza u kojoj je

$$B(e') = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -4 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Tada su $B(e')$ i $B(e)$ slične matrice pa imaju

$$\text{isti trag} \Rightarrow \text{tr } B(e') = \text{tr } B(e)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 = 10 \Rightarrow \Leftarrow$$

Dakle, baza (e') s traženim svojstvima ne postoji.

2011/2012

(2)

$$A: \mathcal{P}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_1 \quad (AP)(t) := P(0) + P(1)t$$

$$A(e') = \begin{bmatrix} a & -\frac{1}{2} \\ a & \frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y': \quad (e) = \{1, t\}$$

$$(Ae_1)(t) = 1 + t$$

$$(Ae_2)(t) = 0 + 1 \cdot t = t$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} (Ae_1)(t) = 1 + t \\ (Ae_2)(t) = 0 + 1 \cdot t = t \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow A(e) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A(e') \sim A(e) \Rightarrow \operatorname{tr} A(e') = \operatorname{tr} A(e)$$

&

$$\det A(e') = \det A(e)$$

$$\Rightarrow a + \frac{3}{2} = 2 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2}$$

&

$$\frac{3}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}a = 1 \Rightarrow 2a = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A(e') = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underbrace{I(e, e')} \cdot A(e') = A(e) \cdot \underbrace{I(e, e')}$$

$$A(e, e')$$

$$A(e, e')$$

$$I(e, e') = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \\ x_3 & x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \\ x_3 & x_4 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \\ x_3 & x_4 \end{bmatrix} \quad / \cdot 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} x_1 + x_2 &= 2x_1 & x_2 &= x_1 \\ -x_1 + 3x_2 &= 2x_2 & x_2 &= x_1 \\ x_3 + x_4 &= 2x_1 + 2x_3 & x_4 &= 2x_1 + x_3 \\ -x_3 + 3x_4 &= 2x_2 + 2x_4 & x_4 &= 2x_2 + x_3 \end{aligned} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \\ x_3 & x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_1 \\ x_3 & 2x_1 + x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \\ x_3 & x_4 \end{bmatrix} = x_1 \cdot (2x_1 + x_3) - x_1 x_3 = 2x_1^2$$

$$\det \underbrace{I(e, e')} = 2x_1^2$$

regularna

Moramo uzeti $x_1 \neq 0$, x_3 može biti bilo koji $\in \mathbb{R}$.

$$\text{Npr. za } x_1=1, x_3=0 \quad I(e, e') = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$e_1' \quad e_2'$

$$e_1'(t) = 1$$

$$e_2'(t) = 1 + 2t$$

Jedna takva baza je $(e') = \{1, 1+2t\}$

2013/2014 (2)

Dio rješavanja vidjeti na webu.

$$A(f) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I(e, f) \cdot / \quad A(f) = I(f, e) \cdot A(e) \cdot I(e, f)$$

$$I(e, f) \cdot A(f) = A(e) \cdot I(e, f)$$

$$I(e, f) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \\ x_4 & x_5 & x_6 \\ x_7 & x_8 & x_9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \\ x_4 & x_5 & x_6 \\ x_7 & x_8 & x_9 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \\ x_4 & x_5 & x_6 \\ x_7 & x_8 & x_9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = x_4 + 2x_7$$

$$x_1 = x_5 + 2x_8$$

$$x_2 = x_6 + 2x_9$$

$$0 = 2x_7$$

$$x_4 = 2x_8$$

$$x_5 = 2x_9$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$x_7 = 0$$

$$x_8 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x_4 = 0$$

$$x_1 = x_5$$

$$x_2 = x_6 + 2x_9$$

$$x_7 = 0$$

$$x_4 = 0$$

$$x_5 = 2x_9 \Rightarrow x_9 = \frac{1}{2}x_5 = \frac{1}{2}x_1$$

$$I(e, t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_6 + x_1 & x_3 \\ 0 & x_1 & x_6 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} x_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$d_t I(e, t) = \frac{1}{2} x_1^3$$

$I(e, t)$ regularna \Rightarrow možemo uzeti $x_1 \neq 0$

x_3 i x_6 mogu biti bilo koji.

$$\text{Stavimo } x_1 = 1, \quad x_3 = \frac{1}{2}, \quad x_6 = -1$$

$$I(e, t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(f) = \left\{ 1, t, \frac{1}{2}(1 - 2t + t^2) \right\} = \left\{ 1, t, \frac{1}{2}(t-1)^2 \right\}$$

Napomena: Mogli smo uzeti npr. i

$$x_1 = 1, \quad x_3 = x_6 = 0.$$

$$\text{Tada je } I(e, t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$f_1 \quad f_2 \quad f_3$

$$\Rightarrow (f) = \left\{ 1, 1+t, \frac{1}{2} t^2 \right\}$$